



Product Datasheet

Product Name	Carbonic Anhydrase III Human Recombinant
Cata No	CB500449
Source	<i>Escherichia Coli.</i>
Synonyms	Car3, CAIII, Carbonic anhydrase 3, EC 4.2.1.1, Carbonic anhydrase III, Carbonate dehydratase III, CA-III.

Description

Carbonic anhydrase (carbonate dehydratase) is a family of metalloenzymes (enzymes that contain one or more metal atoms as a functional component of the enzyme) that catalyze the rapid (and reversible) conversion of carbon dioxide to bicarbonate and protons, a reaction that occurs rather slowly in the absence of a catalyst. Carbonic anhydrase greatly increases the rate of the reaction, with typical catalytic rates of the different forms of this enzyme ranging between 10^4 and 10^6 reactions per second. The active site of most carbonic anhydrases contains a zincion. CAIII is a cytoplasmic isoenzyme, but is released into the circulation following injury.

Carbonic anhydrase III Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli, and having a molecular mass of 33.9 kDa. CAIII is expressed with an amino-terminal hexahistidine tag.

The CA-III is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Physical Appearance

Sterile Filtered blue solution.

Purity

Greater than 95.0% as determined by:
(a) Analysis by RP-HPLC.
(b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Supplied in 10mM Tris-HCl (pH 8), 250mM NaCl, 0.5mM DTT, 1.5mM Cysteine, and 50% Glycerol.

Stability

CAIII although stable at 4°C for 1 week, should be stored desiccated below -18°C.
For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA).

Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.